

Direct Variation

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CHAPTER

1

Direct Variation

Here you'll determine if a set of data is related directly.

According to Newton's second law, the net force (F) of an object is equal to its mass (m) times its acceleration (a), where F is measured in Newtons, m is measured in kilograms, and a is measured in meters/sec/sec. If an object with an acceleration of 8 meters/sec/sec has a force of 24 Newtons, what is the object's force when its acceleration is 12 meters/sec/sec?

Guidance

We say that a set of data is related **directly** if the independent and dependent variables both grow large or small together. For example, the equation of the line $y = 2x$ would represent a direct variation relationship. As x gets bigger, so would y . In fact, direct variation equation is $y = kx, k \neq 0$, which looks just like the equation of a line without a y -intercept. We call k the **constant of variation** and y is said to vary directly with x . k can also be written $k = \frac{y}{x}$.

Example A

The variables x and y vary directly, and $y = 10$ when $x = 2$. Write an equation that relates x and y and find y when $x = 9$.

Example B

Determine if the set of data varies directly. If so, find the direct variation equation.

TABLE 1.1:

x	4	8	16	20
y	1	2	4	5

Example C

The number of calories, C , a person burns working out varies directly with length of time it was done, t (in minutes). A 150 pound person can burn 207 calories swimming laps for 30 minutes. Write a variation model for C as a function of t . Then, determine how long it will take that person to burn 520 calories.

Intro Problem Revisit If we write Newton's second law as an equation, we get $F = ma$. We can now see that this is an example of a direct variation equation, where $y = F$, $m = k$, and $a = x$. Using the direct variation equation, we can substitute in F and a and solve for m .

$$F = ma$$

$$24 = m(8)$$

$$3 = m$$

So the mass of the object is 3 kg but we're looking for its force when its acceleration is 12 meters/sec/sec. Hence, we use the formula again.

$$F = ma$$

$$F = (3)(12)$$

$$F = 36$$

Therefore, the object's force is 36 Newtons.

Guided Practice

1. x and y vary directly. When $x = -8, y = -6$. Find the equation and determine x when $y = 12$.
2. Determine if the set below varies directly.

TABLE 1.2:

x	1	2	3	4	5
y	2	4	8	16	20

3. Taylor's income varies directly with the number of hours he works. If he worked 60 hours last week and made \$900, how much does he make per hour? Set up a direct variation equation.

Practice

For problems 1-4, use the given x and y values to write a direct variation equation and find y given that $x = 12$.

1. $x = 3, y = 15$
2. $x = 9, y = -3$
3. $x = \frac{1}{2}, y = \frac{1}{3}$
4. $x = -8, y = \frac{4}{3}$

For problems 5-8, use the given x and y values to write a direct variation equation and find x given that $y = 2$.

5. $x = 5, y = 4$
6. $x = 18, y = 3$
7. $x = 7, y = -28$
8. $x = \frac{2}{3}, y = \frac{5}{6}$

Determine if the following data sets vary directly.

- 9.

TABLE 1.3:

x	12	16	5	20
y	3	4	1	5

- 10.

TABLE 1.4:

x	2	10	5	6
y	14	70	35	42

11.

TABLE 1.5:

x	2	8	18	34
y	3	12	27	51

Solve the following word problems using a direct variation equation.

- Based on her weight and pace, Kate burns 586 calories when she runs 5 miles. How many calories will she burn if she runs only 3 miles? How many miles (to the nearest mile) does she need to run each week if she wants to burn one pound (3500 calories) of body fat each week?
- On a road trip, Mark and Bill cover 450 miles in 8 hours, including stops. If they maintain the same pace, how far (to the nearest mile) will they be from their starting point after 15 hours of driving?
- About three hours into a fundraising car wash, the Mathletes Club earned \$240 washing 48 cars. How much was charged for each carwash? How many more cars will they have to wash to reach their goal of earning \$400?
- Dorothy earned \$900 last week for working 36 hours. What is her hourly wage? If she works full time (40 hours) in a week how much will she make?